HLS 10RS-2581 ORIGINAL

Regular Session, 2010

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HOUSE BILL NO. 1334

BY REPRESENTATIVE LAMBERT

WILDLIFE & FISHERIES DEP: Provides relative to fisheries management by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries

AN ACT

2 To amend and reenact the heading of Subpart L of Part VII of Chapter 1 of Title 56 of the 3 Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 and R.S. 56:638.1 through 638.5 of the 4 Legislature and to repeal R.S. 56:57.2, as enacted by Act No. 283 of the 1987 5 Regular Session of the Legislature and as enacted by Act No. 891 of the 1987 6 Regular Session of the Legislature and R.S. 56:57.4, relative to fishery management, 7 conservation, and sustainability; to provide that the Wildlife and Fisheries 8 Commission is responsible for management of all fisheries in the state; to repeal the 9 prohibition on state enforcement of federal laws relative to turtle excluder devices; 10 to repeal the prohibition on state enforcement of federal laws relative to fish excluder 11 devices; and to provide for related matters. 12 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 13 Section 1. The heading of Subpart L of Part VII of Chapter 1 of Title 56 of the 14 Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 and R.S. 56:638.1 through 638.5 are hereby amended 15 and reenacted to read as follows: 16 SUBPART L. SALTWATER FISHERY CONSERVATION, AND 17 MANAGEMENT, AND SUSTAINABILITY 18 §638.1. Saltwater fishery Fishery conservation, and management, and sustainability; 19 legislative intent 20 Recognizing that there are ever increasing numbers of both sport and 21 commercial fishermen utilizing the waters of the state for recreational and

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

commercial pursuits resulting in conflicts over limited space and competition for the same saltwater fish, and acknowledging that both the sport and commercial fishing industries are vital to the economy of the coastal region and the entire state, the saltwater fishery standards for conservation, and management, and sustainability of all species of saltwater finfish fish are hereby declared to be fair and in the best interest of the state.

§638.2. Findings

The state of Louisiana recognizes that:

- (1) Its saltwater finfish fish resources are of great value and are renewable. These saltwater finfish fish resources make many contributions to the state including, but not limited to the food supply, economy, and health of the state and recreational opportunities. With proper regulations of the harvest by fishermen, coupled with protection and enhancement of their freshwater, saltwater, and estuarine habitat, Louisiana's saltwater finfish fish resources should be available to provide these benefits to the state indefinitely.
- (2) As a consequence of increased fishing pressure and/ or other factors and because of the inadequacy limitations of fishery conservation, and management, and sustainability practices, certain stocks of fish may have been or will become overfished.
- (3) The future productivity of saltwater finfish fish resources may be seriously jeopardized as a consequence of the continued loss of Louisiana coastal wetlands, or because of human actions affecting the functionality and value of the coastal wetlands state's aquatic ecosystems as saltwater finfish fish estuary and habitat.
- (4) Both commercial and recreational fishing constitute a major source of employment and contribute significantly to the economy of the state. Many coastal areas are dependent upon such fishing and related activities and their economies have been damaged by pollution, habitat degradation, and/ or overfishing.

2	under sound management, the fisheries can be conserved and maintained so as to
3	provide optimum and sustainable yields on a continuing basis.
4	(6) A state program for the wise conservation, and management, and
5	sustainability of the saltwater finfish fish resources of Louisiana is necessary to
6	maintain plentiful fish populations, to prevent overfishing, to rebuild reduced stocks,
7	to insure ensure conservation, and to realize their full potential.
8	(7) The safe development or improvement of fisheries that are not fully or
9	properly utilized by the Louisiana commercial and recreational fishermen and fishing
10	industries should help to assure that Louisiana benefits from the employment, food
11	supply, recreation, and social and economic benefit that could be maintained or
12	generated thereby, if pursued in such a fashion that is socially, scientifically,
13	economically, anthropologically, and biologically sound for the state, the species,
14	and any related species, and their supporting ecosystems.
15	(8) A strong state program is necessary to advocate the importance of the
16	functionality and value of Louisiana's waters and coastal wetlands as estuary and
17	habitat for saltwater finfish fish resources, the social and economic value of these
18	resources to the state and the nation, and the need to actively seek to avoid any net
19	loss of this functionality and value.
20	§638.3. Purposes
21	In order to implement the objectives and purposes of this Subpart, the
22	commission shall:
23	(1) Take timely action to conserve, and manage, and protect saltwater finfish
24	<u>fish</u> species.
25	(2) Promote the use of sound conservation, and management, and
26	sustainability principles in the regulation of commercial and recreational fishing.
27	(3) Actively advocate, on behalf of the saltwater finfish fish constituency,
28	improvement of or no net loss of the functionality and value of the saltwater
29	fisheries' habitat and estuary.

(5) Saltwater finfish Fish resources are finite but renewable. If timely placed

(4) Provide for the preparation and implementation of fishery management
plans, including plans for habitats, estuaries, and their supporting ecosystems, in
accordance with this policy that will prevent overfishing and will achieve and
maintain plentiful fish populations to ensure, on a continuing basis, the optimum
yield from each fishery while ensuring their sustainability.

(5) Recognize that saltwater finfish fish populations are subject to both natural and man-induced increases and decreases, and that changes in harvest levels may need to be recommended. If changes are required, these increases and decreases should be distributed among all fishermen in a fair and equitable manner that considers among other factors historical usage, ensuring that no historical user groups will be arbitrarily excluded.

§638.4. Policy

The policy of the state of Louisiana is hereby declared to be the following:

Stewardship of the state's saltwater finfish fish resources shall have as its utmost concern the continued health and abundance of the resource and its environs, shall provide for optimum sustained benefits to the state, shall be responsive to the needs of interested and affected citizens, shall ensure the proper and fair utilization of these resources for the citizens of the state in present and future generations, shall preserve the state's exclusive right to manage the fisheries within or beyond its jurisdiction, and shall be based on the best scientific and technical information available. In addition, such stewardship of the state's saltwater finfish fish resources shall draw upon federal, state, and academic capabilities and promote efficiency in carrying out research, administration, management, and enforcement.

§638.5. Saltwater fishery Fish standards

The commission shall adopt such rules and regulations, consistent with the authority granted by this Chapter, and in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, for the harvesting, conservation, and management, and sustainability of all species of saltwater finfish fish, in accordance with the following standards:

(1) Conservation, and management, and sustainability measures shall prevent
overfishing while achieving, on a continuing basis, the optimum yield while
maintaining healthy, plentiful stocks. In fact, every effort will be made at all times
to prevent a harvest from exceeding the safe upper limit of harvests which can be
taken consistently year after year without diminishing the stocks so that the stock is
truly inexhaustible and perpetually renewable.
(2) Conservation, and management, and sustainability measures shall be
based upon the best scientific, economic, biological, anthropological, <u>criminological</u> ,
and sociological information available.
(3) To the extent practicable, an individual stock or unit of fish shall be
managed as a unit throughout its range within the state's jurisdictional authority and
interrelated stocks of fish and other saltwater natural resources shall be managed in
close coordination while considering their ecosystems.
(4) If it becomes necessary to allocate or assign fishing privileges among
various fishermen, such allocations to the extent practicable shall be:
(a) Fair and equitable to all such fishermen.
(b) Reasonably calculated to promote conservation.
(c) Carried Where practicable, shall be carried out in such a manner that no
particular individual, corporation, or other legal entity acquires an excessive share
of such privileges.
(d) In the best interest of the citizens of Louisiana.
(5) Conservation, and management, and sustainability measures shall, where
practicable, promote efficiency in the conservation and management of fishery
resources; except that no such measure shall have economic allocation as its sole
purpose.
(6) Conservation, and management, and sustainability measures shall, where
practicable, minimize costs and avoid unnecessary duplication.

1 (7) Conservation, and management, and sustainability measures may take
2 into account and allow for variations among, and contingencies in, fisheries,
3 resources, and catches.
4 Section 2. R.S. 56:57.2, as enacted by Act No. 283 of the 1987 Regular Session of
5 the Legislature and as enacted by Act No. 891 of the 1987 Regular Session of the Legislature
6 and R.S. 56:57.4 are hereby repealed in their entirety.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Lambert HB No. 1334

Abstract: Provides relative to programs for fisheries conservation, management, and sustainability by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries.

<u>Present law</u> assigns the responsibility for saltwater finfish conservation and management to the Dept. of Wildlife and Fisheries. <u>Proposed law</u> expands that responsibility to include conservation, management, and sustainability programs for all fisheries in the state, including saltwater and freshwater.

<u>Present law</u> prohibits the department from enforcing federal laws which require the use of turtle excluder devices and fish excluder devices by commercial fishermen in La. waters. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals both of these statutory prohibitions.

(Amends the heading of Subpart L of Part VII of Chapter 1 of Title 56 of the L.R.S. of 1950 and R.S. 56:638.1 - 638.5; Repeals R.S. 56:57.2, as enacted by Act No. 283 of the 1987 R.S. and as enacted by Act No. 891 of the 1987 R.S. and R.S. 56:57.4)